

INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE PROCEDURE FOR MILLER HARNESSSES

Company Name	
Site/Depot	
Address	
Equipment User	
Contact Number	
Equipment Description	
Serial Number	
Date of Inspection	

NOTE:
 Each piece of equipment is to have its individual sheet. All inspections are to be carried out with reference to AS/NZS 1891.1 2007 & 4. If there is any doubt about the ability of a piece of equipment to perform accordingly, it is to be removed from service immediately.

Component	Aspect Examined	N/A	OK	Condition	
				Major Defect	Minor Defect
Webbing	Cuts or tears or Mildew				
	Abrasion damage especially where there is contact with hardware				
	Excessive stretching				
	Damage due to heat, corrosives or chemicals				
	Localised Discolouration, Localised Hardening				
	Deterioration due to UV or other factors				
Buckles Adjusters	Distortion or other physical damage				
	Cracks				
	Corrosion				
D-Rings	Examine for excess movement at its attachment point				
	Cracks				
	Distortion or other damage				
	Loss of cross-section due to wear				
	Corrosion				
Sewing	Broken, cut or worn threads				
	Damage or weakening of threads				
	Damage due to heat, corrosives or chemicals				
	Deterioration due to UV or other factors				
	Unauthorised repairs				
Labeling	Serial Number & Date of Manufacture/Withdrawal Legible				
	Product Label Inspection legible				
	Product Description Legible				

Maintenance & Cleaning

- Luke warm water with mild soap can be considered the best and safest method of cleaning, without any adverse effects on the metal components. Rinse parts in luke-warm water after cleaning.
- After necessary cleaning and drying, store the equipment in a dry, dark cool position, away from chemicals, corrosives, high humidity, sharp objects, UV radiations, salt environments or any other possible causes of damage.
- Do not store equipment wet.

NOTES:

Inspectors
Signature:

Date:

GENERAL INSPECTION PROCEDURE FOR MILLER HARNESSSES



- Inspect before each Use!
- Check Labels . legible serial number and date of manufacture & withdrawal.



- Check webbing for cuts, mildew or heat deformation.



- Hardware . check for corrosion or deformation.



- Check each sewing pattern for loose strands and damaged threads.

